Remote Drug Delivery

Best Practices for RDDD



Whether you use a syringe or a remote drug delivery device (RDDD), proper injection technique is important. RDDDs can pose a challenge to achieving treatment best practices. However, every effort must be made to ensure human, animal and food safety are top priority.

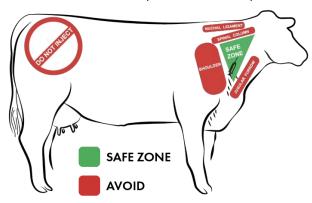
RDDDs offer beef cattle producers an option to administer drugs in cases where traditional delivery is not possible, such as remote locations without handling facilities or when dealing with difficult animals. Producers choosing to use RDDDs should have appropriate training, technique and drug selection in consultation with a veterinarian.

When is Remote Drug Delivery Appropriate?



How to Inject a Beef Animal (via syringe or RDDD)

- Use appropriate size and length of needle.
- Follow label directions for route of administration.
- Inject 10 ml maximum per injection site or as per label.
- Change needles when bent, dull or damaged.
- Leave a hand-width of space between injections.



How to Mitigate RDDD Risks

- Practice hitting targets with the RDDD until consistently delivering accurate shots from a comfortable distance.
- Be familiar with the manufacturer's maintenance and cleaning guidelines.
- Avoid using products that are a danger to human safety, such as Tilmicosin.
- Choose an appropriate dart size for the prescribed dose. Never fill a dart with a substance other than medication.
- ✓Do not reuse disposable darts.
- Make treatment decisions based on accurate animal weight, distance to target and rifle charge.
- Position to shoot from an ideal distance of 4-9 meters (13-30 feet). Never attempt a shot further than 18 meters (60 feet) away.
- Treat animals broadside when they are not moving.
- Never shoot from less than a 45-degree angle because these shots can glance off the hide and fail to deliver the medication.
- If two darts are necessary to deliver the prescribed volume, inject one on each side.